

SOUNDSTREAM


REIGN

Owner's Manual

EN

2-Channel Amplifier



SR2-1000

Features & Functions:

Crossover

Select the operation modes of the amplifier which is desired.

Position H.P.F

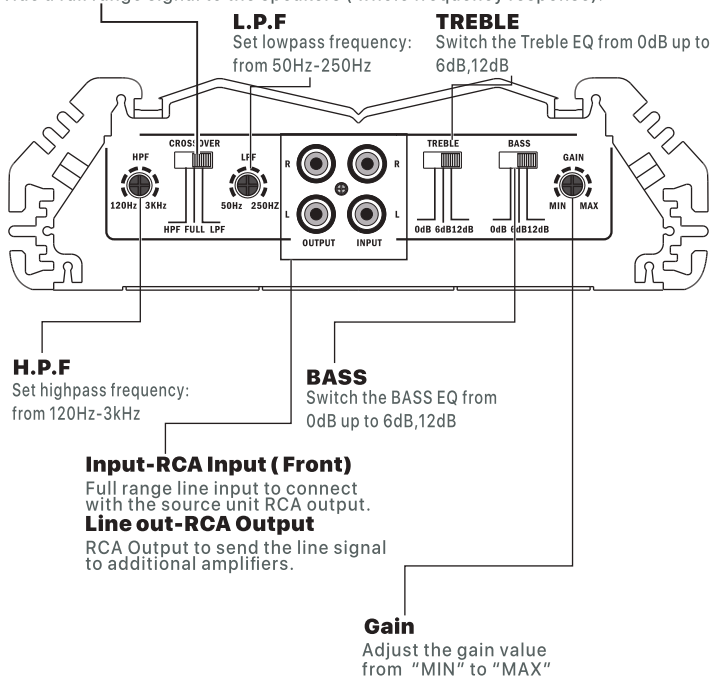
Highpass (frequency response is limited downwards.)

Position L.P.F

Lowpass (frequency response is limited upwards.)

Position FULL

Provide a full range signal to the speakers (whole frequency response).



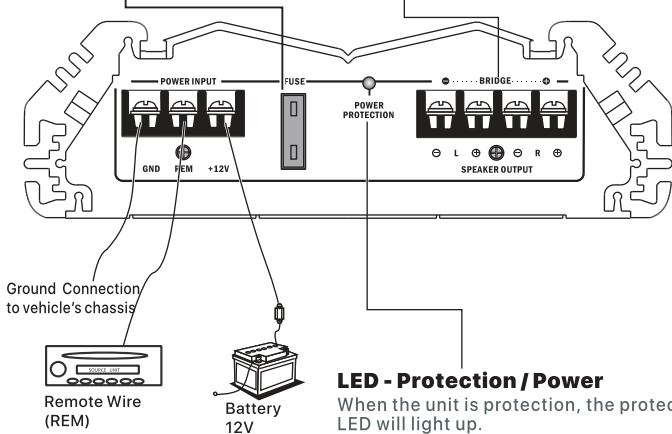
Features & Functions:

Fuse

The integrated amplifier fuses protect the units from short circuit and overload

Speaker Terminals:

The speaker terminals are Gold Plated for high conductivity and minimum impedance loss. Be sure to strip just enough insulation off your speaker wires that will fit under the screw plate to help ensure against speaker wire short circuits. The unit can support an impedance load as low as 2ohms per channel or 4 ohms in the bridged mode. Bridged mode is designed for 4-8 ohm loads and will not supports a 2ohm load.



LED - Protection / Power

When the unit is protection, the protection LED will light up. If remote power signal, the Power LED will light up indicating power condition are correct.

Power Terminals:

B+ / +12V. Connect the +12V pole of power supply directly to the battery(+) position.

GND. Connect the GND pole of power supply directly to the (-) negative ground battery terminal of car chassis.

REM. Connect the "Remote" pole to external switch for positive 12V ON/OFF. This may e connected to the power antenna of turn on lead of the headunit.

Power Connection:

For your convenience, high current barrier strip terminals are provided which allow the use of heavy gauge terminals and wire without splicing.

B+ / +12V. Connect the +12V pole of battery.

GND. Connect the chassis ground of auto.

REM. Connect to the remote turn-on lead of your headunit.

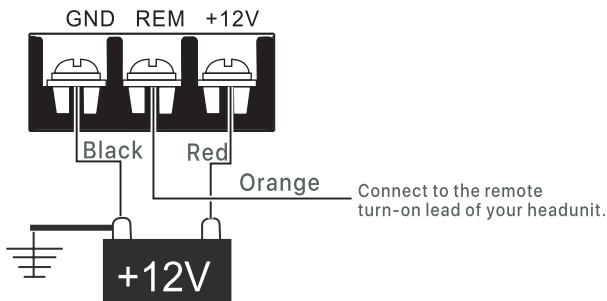
Note:

Improper wiring connections can seriously damage amplifiers, accessories, or speakers, please follow instructions carefully.

Disconnect the battery positive (+) before making any power connections to the amplifier.

Make sure all connections are clean and secure, and use grommets when going through the firewall and other metal bodywork.

Always use the proper size fusing, with a fuse at the battery and the amplifier. (not supplied)



Input Connection:

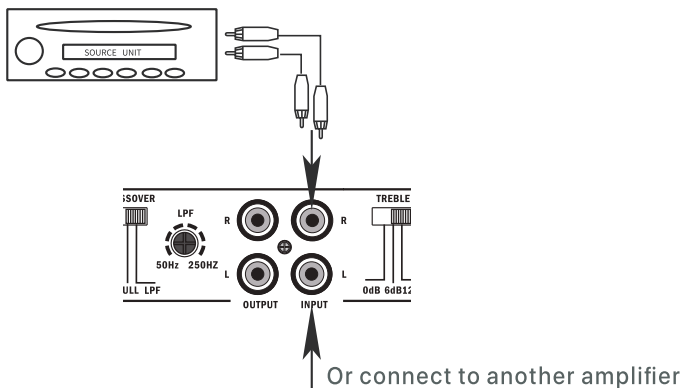
Connect the pre-amp (low-level) outputs from your source unit or crossover to the RCA jacks labeled "input" on the amplifier. Be sure to route all signal cable away from power lines and use high quality RCA cables to insure good signal transfer and to avoid noise from entering the system.

In the **Stereo** mode, connect the left and right RCA plugs from the source unit to their appropriate input jacks.

In the **Mono/Bridged** mode, connections may be made to right, left of both input jacks.

If you are using a pre-amp device, such as the G & Designs Aa4X, connect the outputs of the front-end unit to the inputs of the pre-amp, then the outputs of the pre-amp to the inputs of the amplifier as per above.

Input Connection:



Output connection:

Again, high current barrier strip terminals are provide for connection to the loud speaker system.

In the **stereo** mode, connect the left speaker lead to the left terminal and the right speaker leads to the right terminal. Be sure to observe polarity.

In the **Bridged/Mono** mode, connect the speaker (+) lead to the R+ terminal and the speaker(-) lead to the L- terminal.

Stereo/Mono configuration may be used bu utilizing the above wiring simultaneously. (For satellite subwoofer or satellite / center).

Note:Mono mode is designed for 4-8 ohm load and will not support a 2 ohm load.

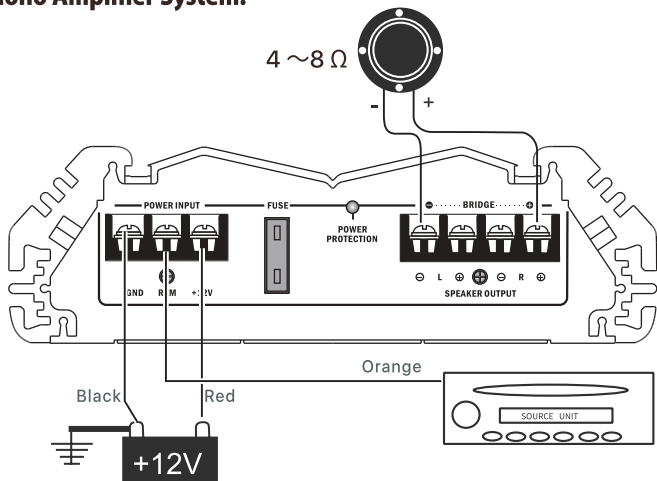
Features:

- Digital pulse-width-modulated regulated power supply.
- Mosfet power supply devices.
- Fully complementary discrete audio stages .
- Direct coupled output stage.
- Discrete output transistors.
- Low overall negative feedback.
- 2 ohm stable in stereo mode.
- bridgeable to Mono operation.
- Stereo /Mono setup simultaneously.
- 4 way protection circuit-thermal, current, D.C.Moffset, and over-voltage.
- Soft start delay turn-on.
- Increased surface area and mass for continuous heat dissipation.
- LED power on indicator.

Specification:

Output Power:	2x100W (4 Ω RMS)
	1x240W To 1x640W (4 Ω RMS)
THD:	<0. 1%
Frequency RESP:	10Hz ~ 40kHz \pm 1dB
S/N Ratio:	\geq 85dB
Input Sensitivity:	200mV ~ 8V
Bass Boost:	12dB
Speaker Impedance:	2 ~8 Ω
Power Fuse:	30Ax1 (Refer flank text)
Dimension (HxWxL):	2.48"H x 7.25"W x 9.85"L
Accessory:	Screws Set & Spare Fuse

Mono Amplifier System:



TROUBLE SHOOTING

No Audio

- Low or no remote turn-on voltage: check remote connections at the amplifier and source unit.
- Blown amplifier fuse: replace with a new fast-blow fuse (same rating).
- Power wires not connected: check battery and ground wiring at the amplifier and check the battery connections.
- Speaker leads shorted: check speaker continuity to ground; it should not show a common ground.
- Speakers not connected or are blown: check speaker connections at the amplifier; measure coil impedance.

Distorted audio

- Gain is not properly set or the speaker cones are damaged.
- Review the instructions for setting the gain. Inspect each speaker cone for signs of damage, such as a frozen cone, burning smell, etc.